

The image features a central illustration of a Bio Mini-Revo surgical screw, which is purple with a blue and white braided suture. The screw is shown in a cross-section, revealing its internal threads and a central channel. It is positioned over a stylized anatomical drawing of a human knee joint, with a white crosshair target symbol overlaid on the femur. The background is a dark, textured blue with white lines suggesting motion or technology.

# Bio Mini-Revo®

## Surgical Technique

### MINI SIZED, MAXIMUM PERFORMANCE

- Self-Reinforced 96L/4D Poly Lactic Acid
- Low Profile Instrument Set
- High Pull-out Strength
- Proven Screw-in Design Ensures Optimal Purchase in bone



• #2 Hi-Fi® Suture

Bio Mini-Revo®

• 3.1mm Outer Diameter

• Self-Reinforced  
96L/4D Poly  
Lactic Acid

• Preloaded  
Disposable  
Inserter

Proximal and distal  
laser etch marks

2.1 mm Bone Punch

2.1 mm Drill Bit

2.1mm Twist Drill Bit

2.4 mm Tap

Serrated Drill Guide

Fishmouth Drill Guide



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# Bio Mini-Revo<sup>®</sup>

## Mini Size, Maximum Performance

SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

### INTRODUCTION

The Bio Mini-Revo<sup>®</sup> suture anchor is a 3.1 mm diameter screw-in implant manufactured from ConMed Linvatec's patented Self-Reinforced 96L/4D Poly Lactic Acid. The implant is pre-loaded on a disposable driver and is pre-threaded with #2 Hi-Fi<sup>®</sup> Suture. The combination of high pull-out strength and ideal bioabsorbable characteristics in a small pre-loaded implant will make it the implant of choice for all shoulder instability procedures. The unique low profile instrument set that includes drill guides, drill bit, bone punch and a self-drilling tap provides precise placement of the pilot hole and the implant for a reproducible technique.

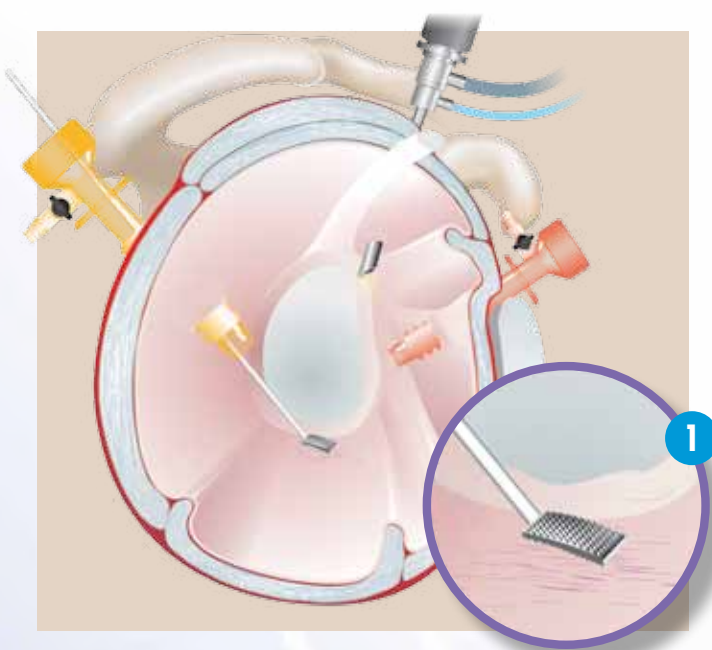
The following techniques are described  
by Stephen J. Snyder, MD, Van Nuys, CA

# Bio Mini-Revo<sup>®</sup> Surgical Technique

## Anterior Instability Reconstruction and Posterior Capsular Plication

This arthroscopic shoulder instability procedure can be performed with the patient either in the lateral decubitus or beach chair position. For the lateral position, the arm is suspended in 70 degrees of abduction and 10 degrees of forward flexion using a shoulder traction device. The standard posterior mid-glenoid portal and a high anterior-superior (rotator interval) portal are established using an outside-in technique. A mid-glenoid operating portal is created by first inserting a spinal needle 2cm inferior and 1cm medial to the anterior superior portal so that it enters the joint at the superior-lateral attachment of the subscapularis tendon. A 8mm Dry-Doc<sup>®</sup> operating cannula is inserted either directly into the joint or over the guide rod (when the portal is already established). The scope is maintained in the anterior superior portal for viewing both the anterior and posterior repair.

## Posterior Plication Stitches

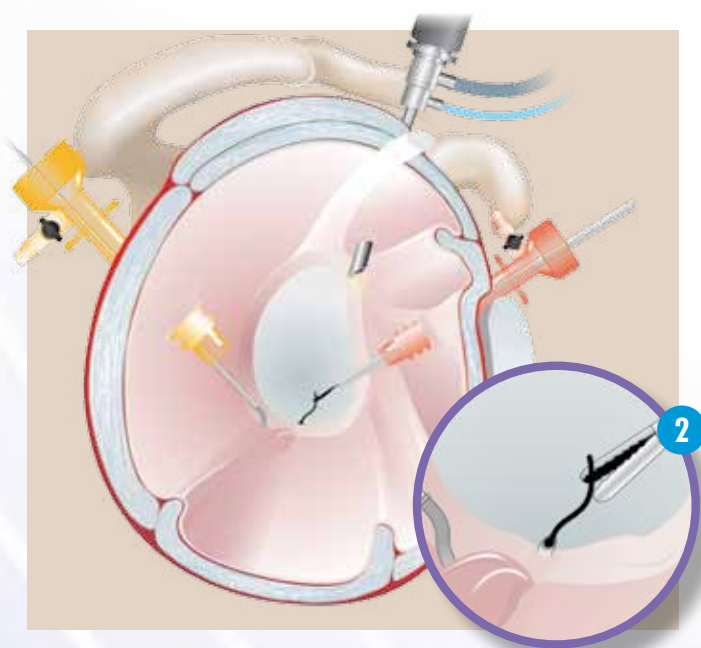


### STEP 1 –

To begin the posterior-inferior capsular plication a synovial rasp is used to abrade the posterior inferior capsule and the labral edge. A ConMed Linvatec 4.2mm UltraCut<sup>®</sup> blade is also used to debride any frayed or torn labral or synovial tissue.

### STEP 2 –

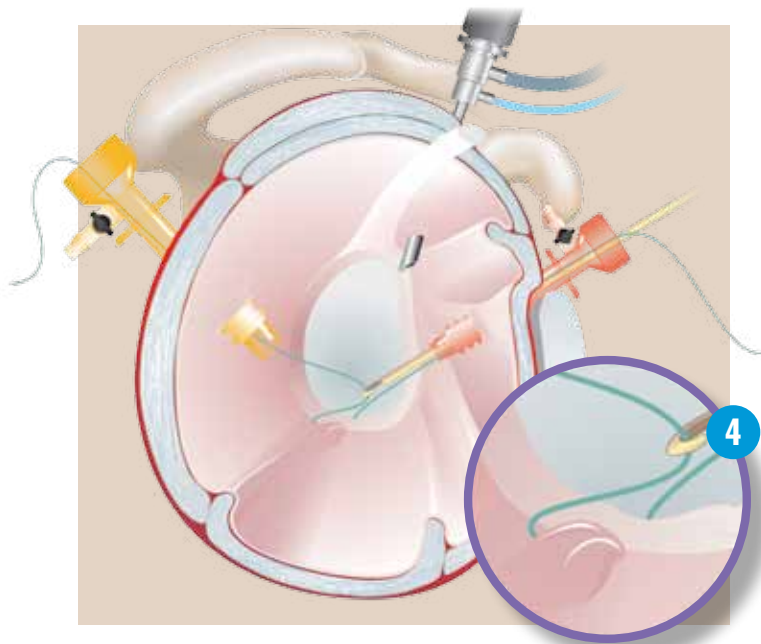
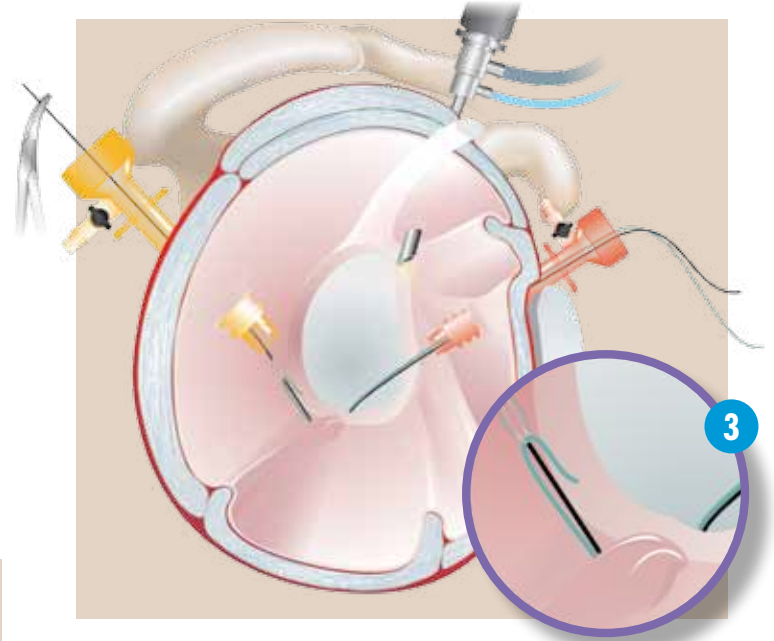
Insert an 8mm Dry-Doc<sup>®</sup> cannula into the posterior portal. Create the first posterior plication stitch by inserting a 45° or 60° degree Spectrum<sup>®</sup> II Suture Hook loaded with a Shuttle Relay<sup>™</sup> suture passer into the posterior mid-glenoid portal. The first stitch is made at the 6:30 position about 1 to 1.5cm away from the labrum. Pass the needle perpendicularly through the capsule and rotate it to capture a 4-5mm “pinch” of tissue. Advance the needle to the labrum-capsule junction to pierce the tissue so that the needle exits near the articular cartilage. Retrieve the Shuttle Relay out the anterior mid-glenoid portal with an arthroscopic grasping forceps.





**STEP 3 –**

Load the Shuttle Relay™ suture passer with a #2 polyester suture and pull back through the labrum and out the posterior Dry-Doc® cannula.

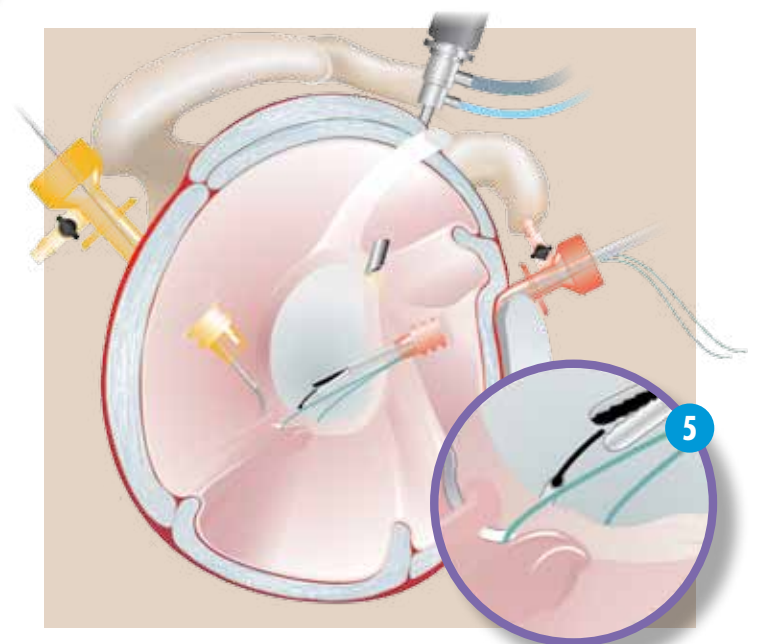


**STEP 4 –**

Using a crochet hook from the anterior portal, retrieve the posterior limb of the same suture out the anterior cannula and the anterior limb into the posterior cannula to prepare for a Figure-8 stitch.

**STEP 5 –**

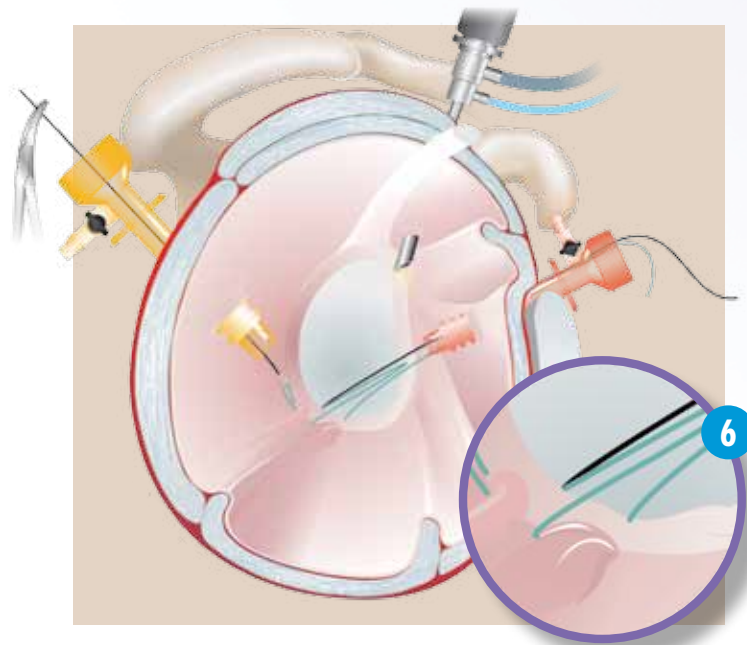
Pass the Spectrum® II Suture Hook loaded with a Shuttle Relay again through the capsule and labrum in a second "pinch-tuck" about 1cm posterior and parallel to the first pass.



# Bio Mini-Revo<sup>®</sup> Surgical Technique

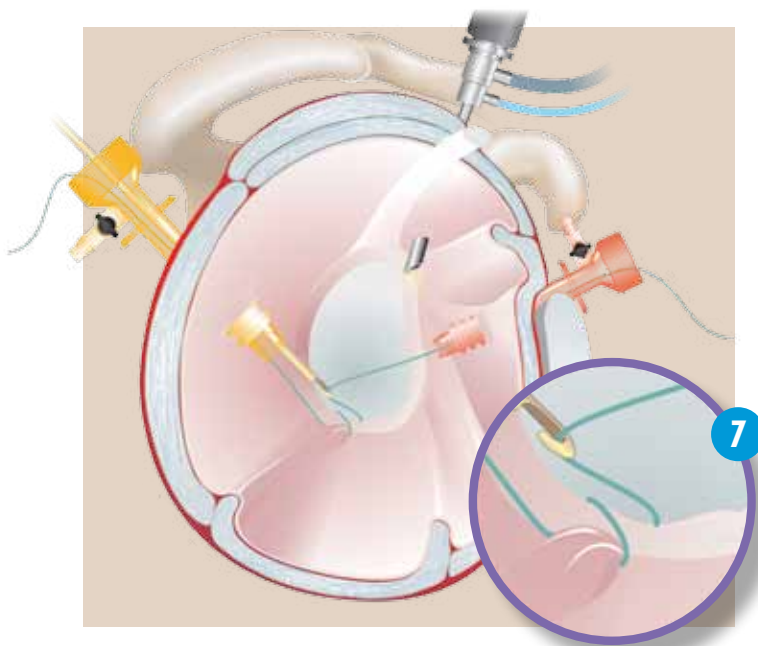
## STEP 6 –

Load the Shuttle Relay<sup>™</sup> suture passer with the suture in the anterior mid-glenoid portal and carry it back through the labrum and into the posterior cannula.



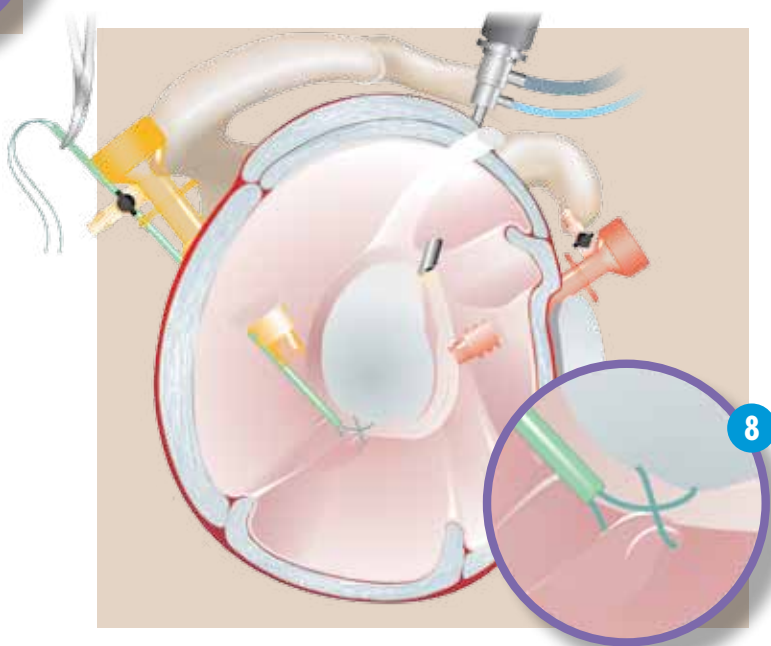
## STEP 7 –

Using a crochet hook, the other limb of suture is retrieved out the posterior cannula.



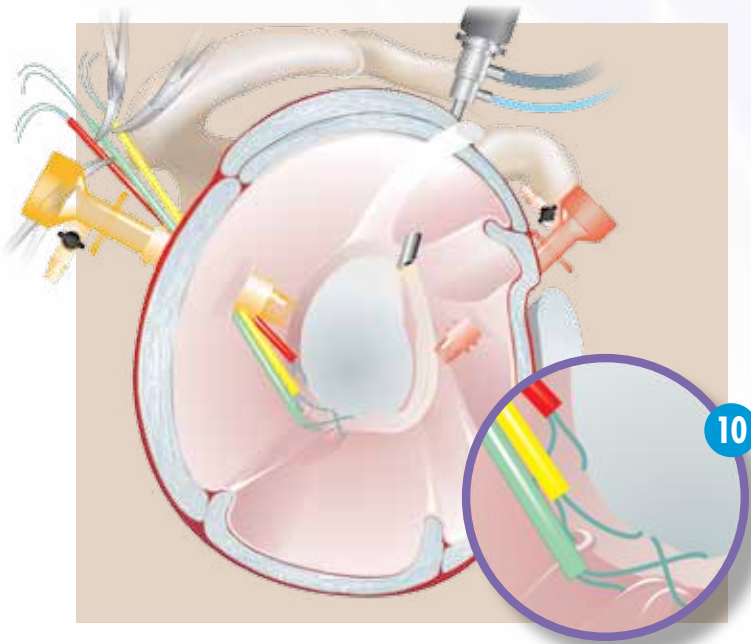
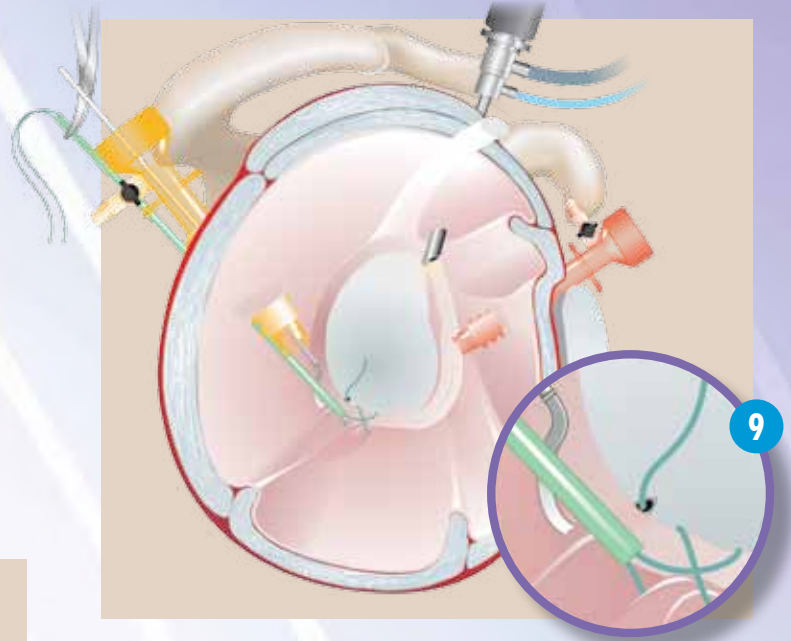
## STEP 8 –

Store this pair of sutures in a green Suture Saver<sup>™</sup> sheath outside the posterior cannula. They will be tied after the anterior stabilization is completed.



**STEP 9 –**

Perform additional posterior plication stitches as needed, either as simple, horizontal mattress or Figure-8 stitches and store each pair in a Suture Saver™ sheath outside the posterior cannula.

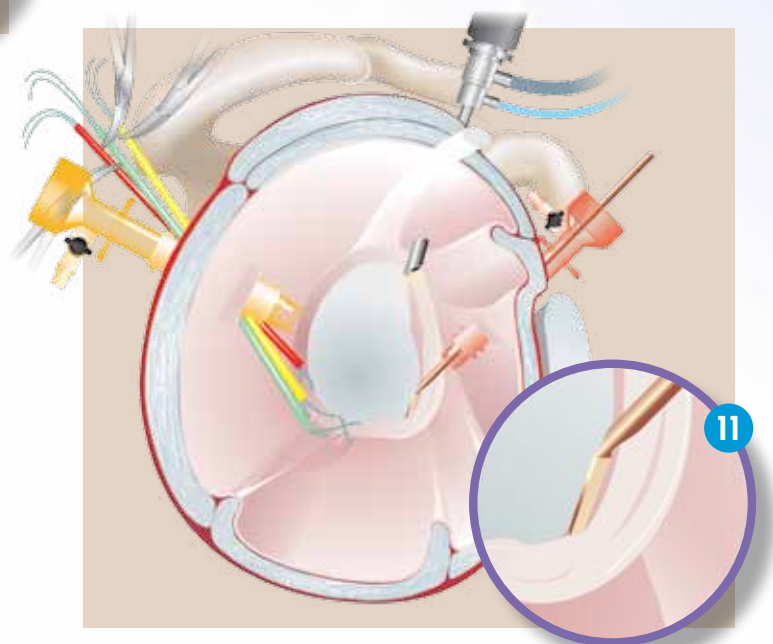


**STEP 10 –**

Loosen the Suture Saver sheaths and back them out a few centimeters to relax the posterior plication sutures so that capsule is not tight while performing the anterior reconstruction.

**STEP 11 –**

Mobilize the anterior–inferior capsule and labrum by detaching them from the neck of the glenoid using a Liberator™ knife/elevator. The bone surface is lightly debrided using a ConMed Linvatec UltraCut® shaver blade



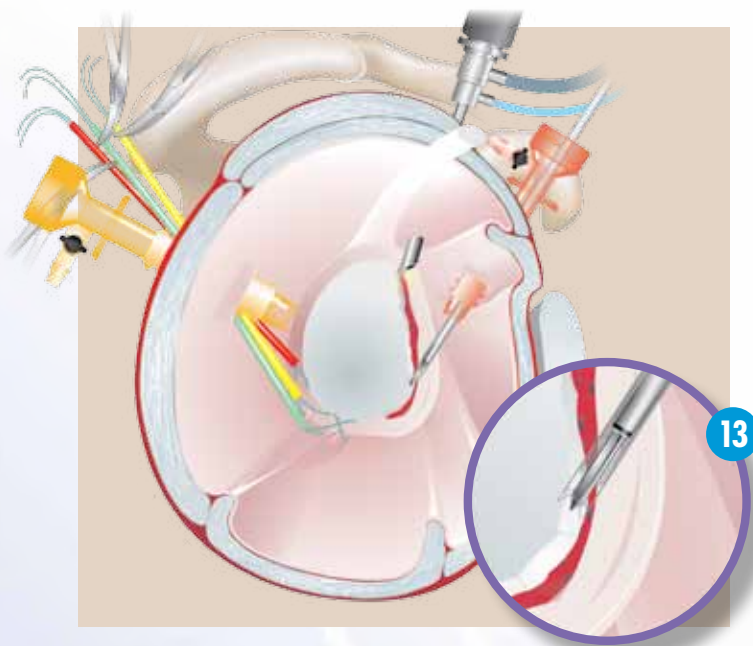
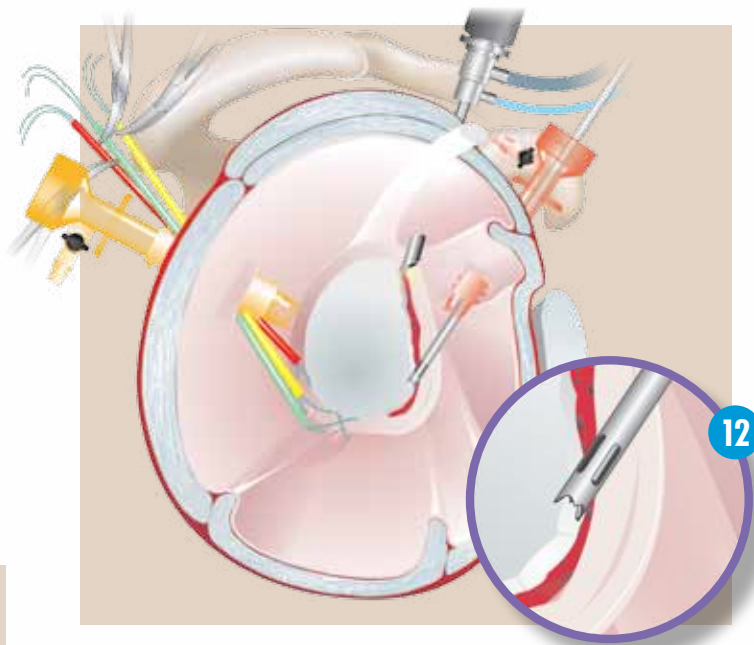


# Bio Mini-Revo<sup>®</sup> Surgical Technique

## Anterior Instability Reconstruction

### STEP 12 –

The Bio-Instability™ Fishmouth Drill Guide is inserted through the anterior mid-glenoid Dry-Doc® cannula to the desired location 1-2 mm on the articular surface around the 5:30 position.



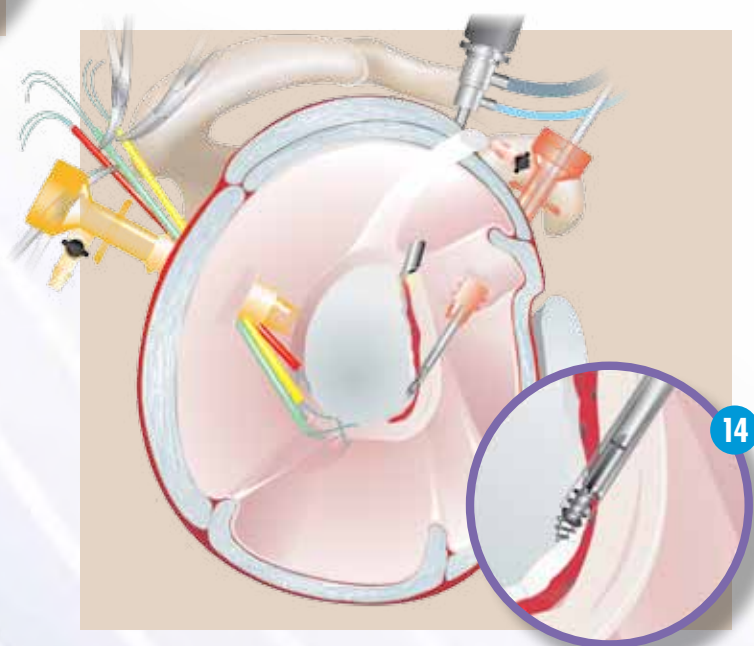
### STEP 13 –

The 2.1mm Bio-Instability Drill Bit is passed through the guide and drilled into the bone until the distal depth mark is below the bone surface and the proximal depth stop has made contact with the Drill Guide.

*The 2.1mm Bio-Instability™ Bone Punch may also be used for this step.*

### STEP 14 –

The 2.4mm self-drilling Bone Tap is inserted through the drill guide and screwed into the pilot hole until the horizontal distal etch mark is below the bone surface.

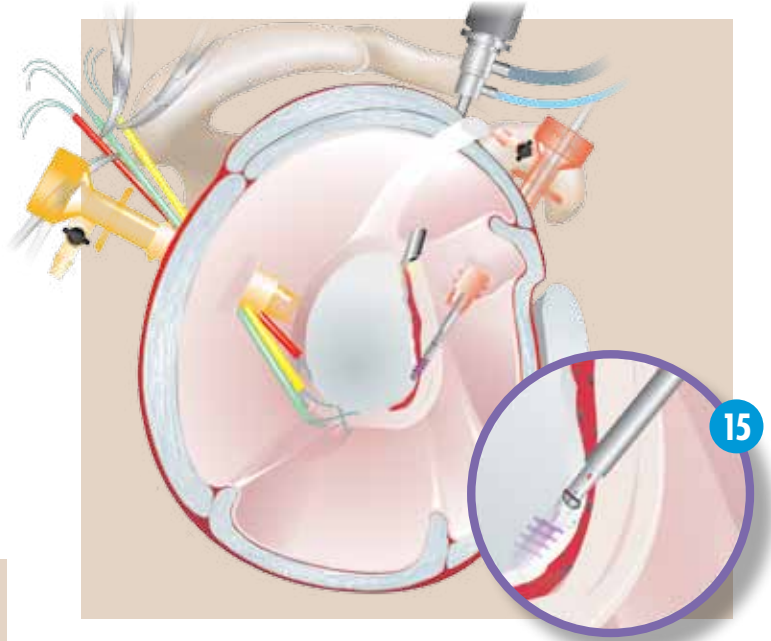




### STEP 15 –

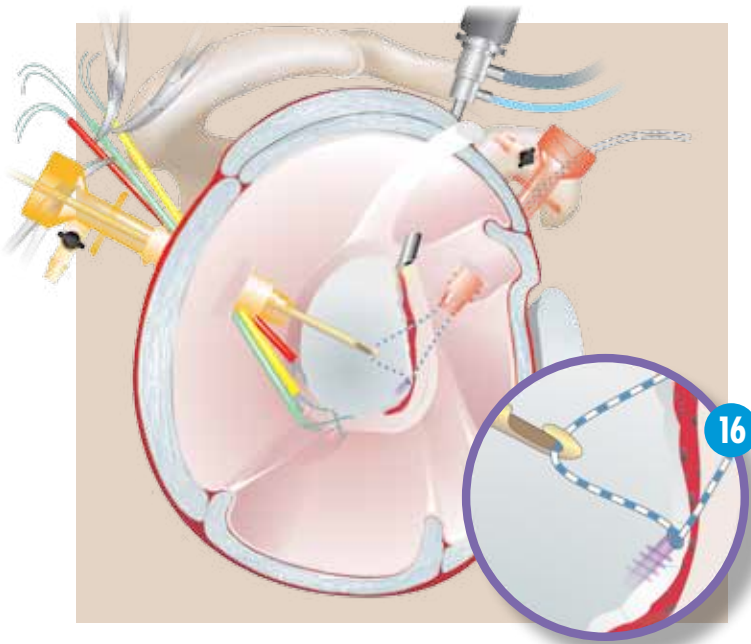
The Bio Mini-Revo® implant is inserted through the drill guide and into the pilot hole until the distal depth mark on the driver is below the bone surface. *Do not advance the driver past this point or implant breakage may occur.*

A two-finger torque insertion technique is recommended. Align the vertical etch marks toward the anterior inferior capsule to ensure that the eyelet is directed toward those tissues. Remove the driver by pulling straight back, being sure not to toggle it or change the alignment.



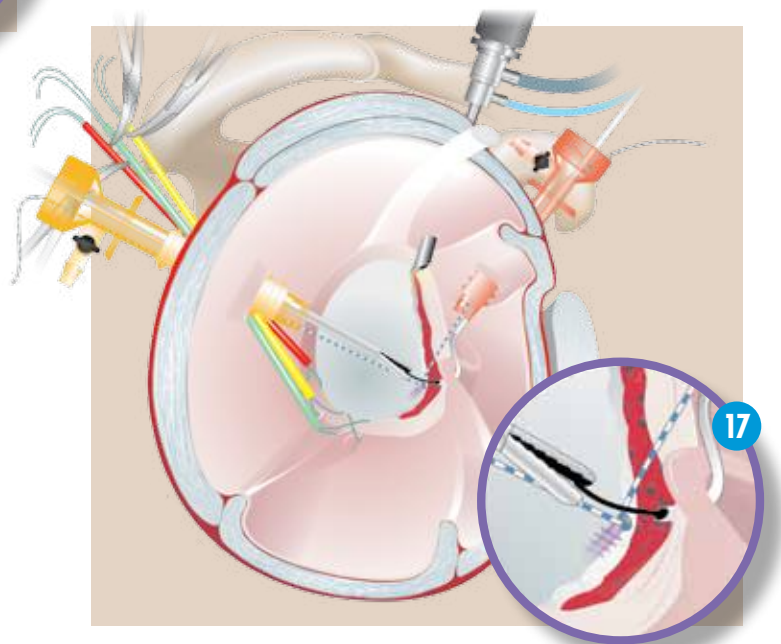
### STEP 16 –

Use the crochet hook through the posterior cannula, to retrieve the suture limb from the anchor that is on the anterior inferior side of the anchor.



### STEP 17 –

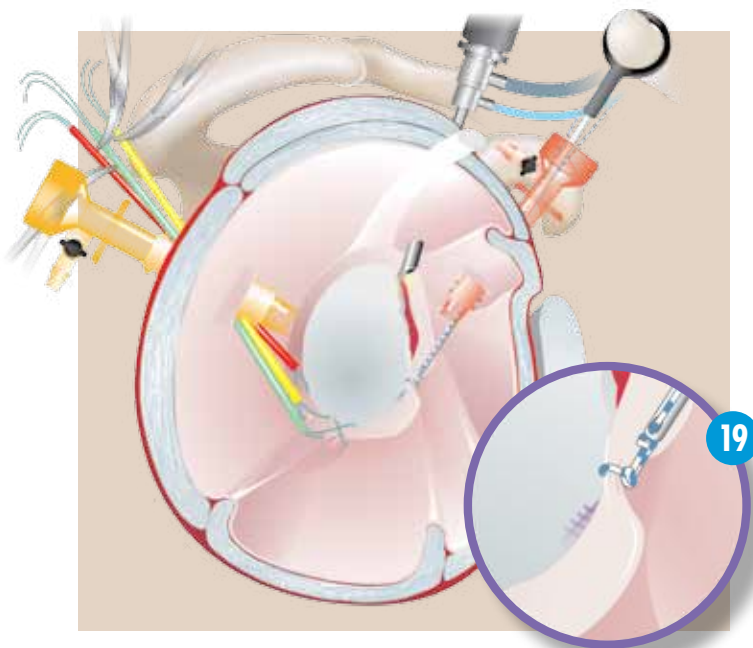
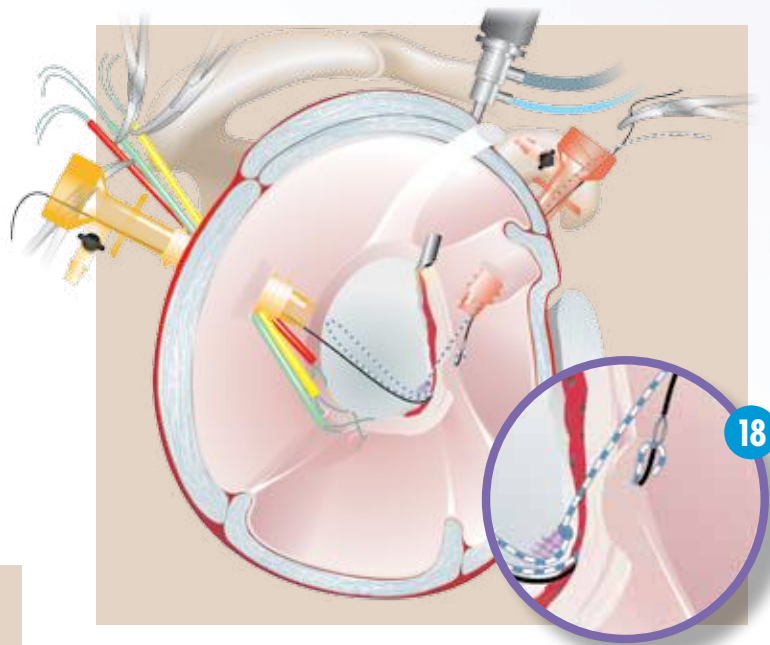
A 45° or 60° degree Spectrum® II Suture Hook loaded with a Shuttle Relay™ suture passer is passed through the capsule and “under” the labrum to form a “pinch-tuck” stitch. The Shuttle Relay is retrieved out the posterior cannula staying above the anchor with a grasping forceps.



# Bio Mini-Revo<sup>®</sup> Surgical Technique

## STEP 18 –

The Shuttle Relay<sup>™</sup> suture passer is loaded with the suture outside the posterior cannula and carried across the glenoid, the labrum and out the anterior mid-glenoid Dry-Doc<sup>®</sup> cannula.

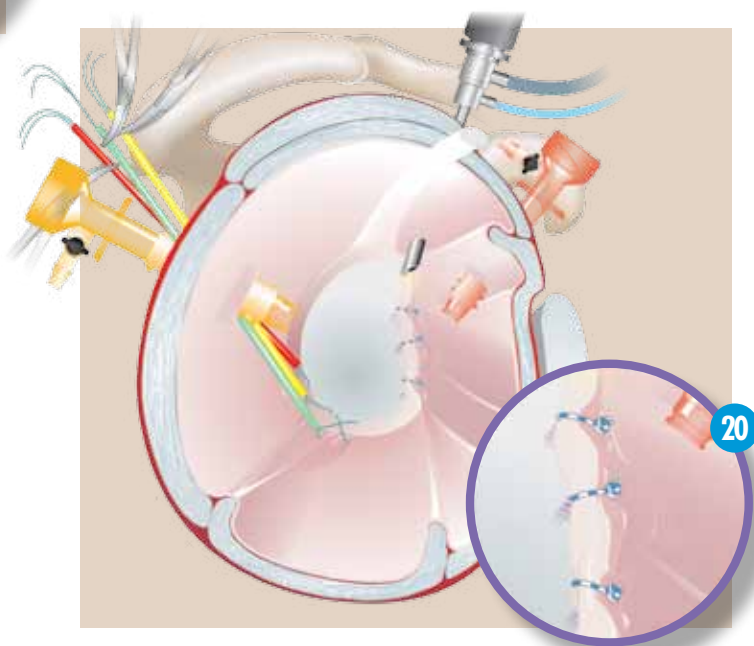


## STEP 19 –

Test the mobility of the sutures to be sure they easily slide through the eyelet. If they slide easily, an SMC or other sliding knot is used. If they do not slide, a static knot such as the Revo<sup>®</sup> knot should be used.

## STEP 20 –

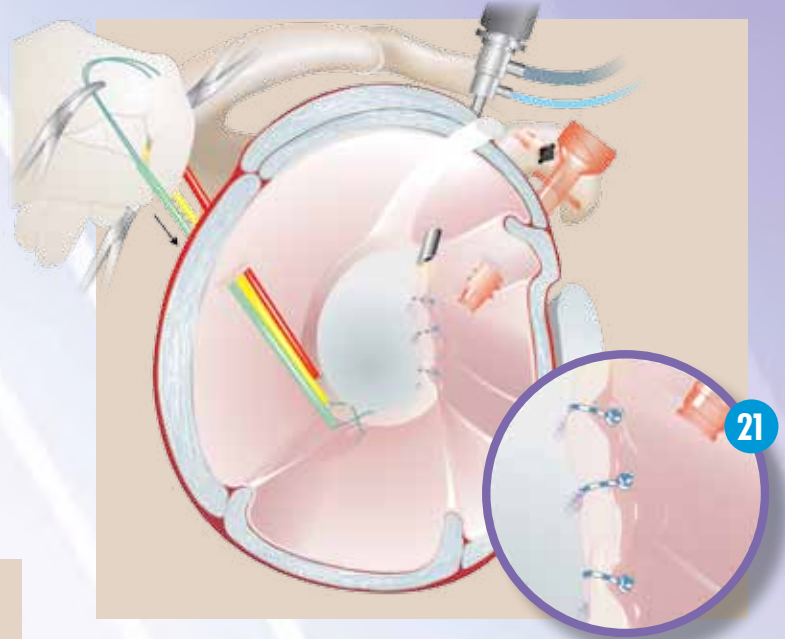
Additional Bio Mini-Revo<sup>®</sup> implants are inserted moving inferior to superior until the labrum is securely fixed to the glenoid.



### Tying the Posterior Plication Sutures

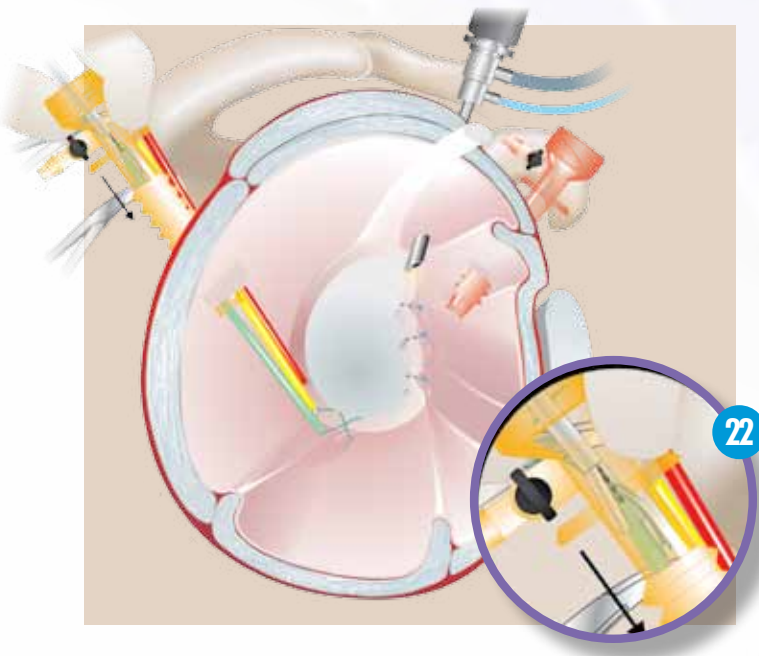
#### STEP 21 –

Remove the posterior cannula from the posterior portal and retighten the posterior Suture Saver™ sheaths down to the capsule and clamp them. Release the clamp from the most superior Suture Saver sheath and pull the sutures and the sheath into the cannula using an arthroscopic grasper.



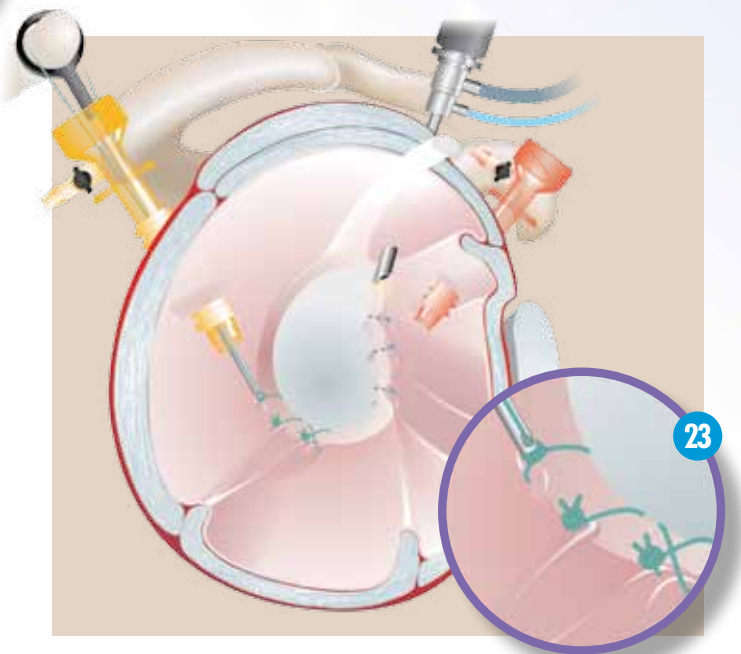
#### STEP 22 –

Push the Suture Saver sheath back down to the capsule and hold it straight so that it can function as a guide rod. Push the cannula back into the joint over the sheath, remove the sheath and tie the sutures using a Revo® knot.



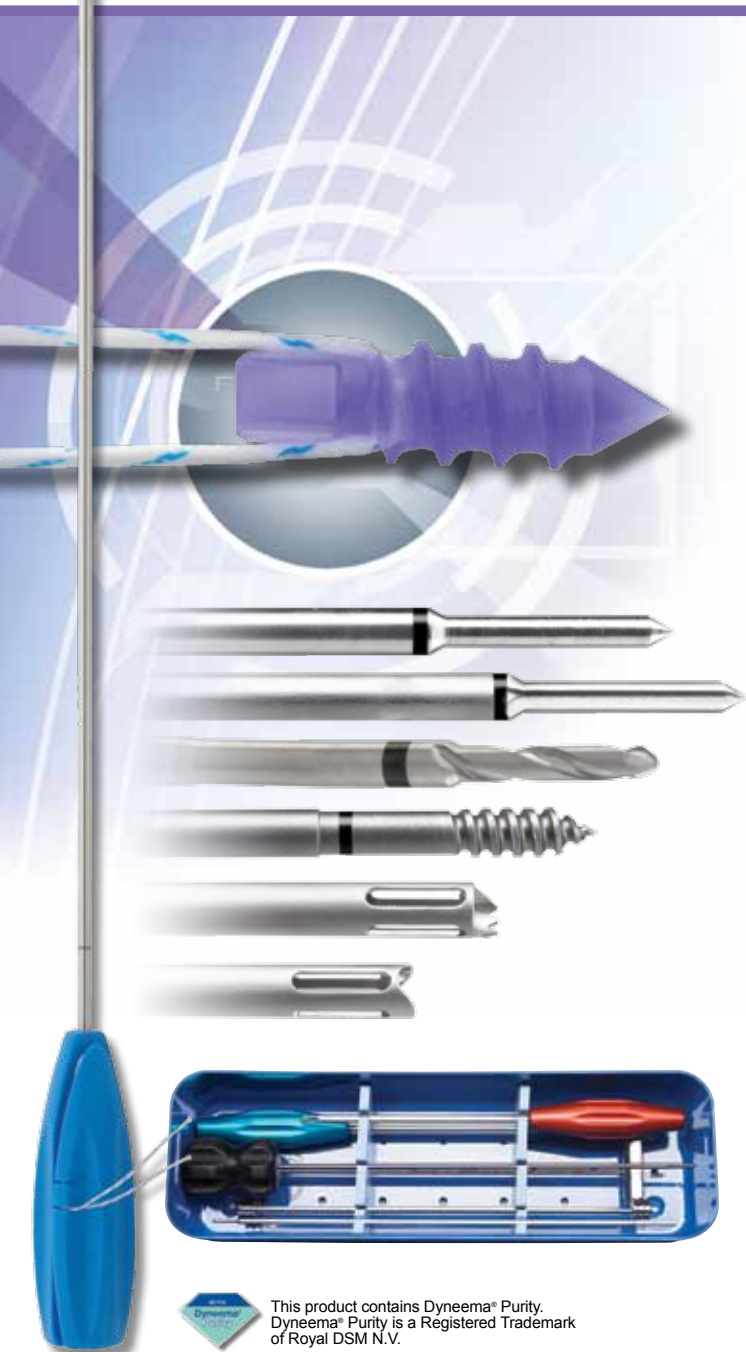
#### STEP 23 –

Tie the remaining sutures using a similar technique to finish the operation.





# Bio Mini-Revo<sup>®</sup> Surgical Technique



This product contains Dyneema<sup>®</sup> Purity.  
Dyneema<sup>®</sup> Purity is a Registered Trademark  
of Royal DSM N.V.

## Implant Description

Bio Mini-Revo<sup>®</sup>, Pre-threaded with one strand of ..... C6170H  
#2 Hi-Fi<sup>®</sup> Suture, disposable driver

## Bio Instability Instrument Set

Bio Instability Drill Guide, Fishmouth..... C6171  
Bio Instability Drill Guide, Serrated..... C6172  
Blunt Obturator ..... C6173  
Sharp Trocar..... C6174  
Bio Instability Drill Bit, 2.1 mm..... C6175  
Bio Instability Bone Punch, 2.1 mm ..... C6176  
Bio Instability Bone Tap, 2.4mm..... C6177  
Bio Instability Sterilization Tray ..... C6178  
Bio Instability Twist Drill, Bit 2.1 mm ..... C6179

## Suture Passing Instrumentation

Spectrum<sup>®</sup> II Handle..... C6350  
Spectrum II Sterilization Tray..... C6355  
Spectrum II Roller Wheel Replacement Kit ..... C6356  
Suture Hook, 45° Right, Limited Reuse ..... C6360  
Suture Hook, 45° Left, Limited Reuse ..... C6361  
Suture Hook, 60° Right, Limited Reuse ..... C6362  
Suture Hook, 60° Left, Limited Reuse ..... C6363  
Suture Hook, 90° Right, Limited Reuse ..... C6364  
Suture Hook, 90° Left, Limited Reuse ..... C6365  
Suture Hook, CorkScrew, Right, Limited Reuse ..... C6366  
Suture Hook, CorkScrew, Left, Limited Reuse..... C6367  
Suture Hook, Straight, Limited Reuse..... C6368  
Suture Hook, Crescent, Small, Limited Reuse..... C6369  
Suture Hook, Crescent, Medium, Limited Reuse..... C6370  
■ Suture Hook, Crescent, Large, Limited Reuse ..... C6371  
■ Suture Hook, 45° Right, Sterile, Disposable (Red) ..... C6380  
■ Suture Hook, 45° Left, Sterile, Disposable (Blue) ..... C6381  
■ Suture Hook, 60° Right, Sterile, Disposable (Orange)..... C6382  
■ Suture Hook, 60° Left, Sterile, Disposable (Yellow) ..... C6383  
■ Suture Hook, Straight, Sterile, Disposable (Pink)..... C6384  
■ Suture Hook, Crescent, Small, Sterile, Disposable (White)..... C6385  
■ Suture Hook, Crescent, Medium, Sterile, Disposable (Teal)..... C6386  
■ Suture Hook, Crescent, Large, Sterile, Disposable (Purple) ..... C6387

## Accessories

Loop Handle Knot Pusher ..... C6112  
Crochet Hook ..... C6105  
Suture Scissor, 3.4mm Diameter, Straight ..... GU1005  
Guillotine<sup>™</sup> Suture Cutter, 3.5mm Diameter, Straight ..... GU1007  
Katana<sup>™</sup> High Strength Suture Cutter, 4mm Diameter, Straight ..... GU1009  
Grasping Forceps, 3.4mm Diameter, Straight with Ratchet ..... 11.1001  
Suture Retrieval Forceps, 3.4mm Diameter ..... 16.1018  
Liberator<sup>™</sup> Knife ..... 25.50014  
Suture Saver<sup>™</sup> Kit (5 kits/box)..... C6180  
Rasp Liberator Knife ..... 25.50016  
Rasp, 30 degree, top and bottom serrations..... C8537.1  
Mini-Probe, 3.5mm dia., straight..... 21.1001  
Shuttle Relay<sup>™</sup> Suture Passer (10/box)..... C6004  
Dry-Doc<sup>®</sup> Cannula, 8.0mm x 75mm, yellow (5/box) ..... C7367  
Reusable, Cannulated Obturator, 8.0mm x 75mm..... 9833  
Dry-Doc Cannula, 8.0mm x 85mm, red (5/box) ..... C7368  
Reusable, Cannulated Obturator, 8.0mm x 85mm..... 9834

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